# Fuzzy Logic

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## Presentation Outline

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- Crisp and Fuzzy Logic
- Fuzzy Sets

#### 2 Applications

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- Software

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# Introduction to Fuzzy logic

- Fuzzy logic is an extension of multivalued logic
- Natural language rules
- Aristotle, later Lofti A. Zadeh in 1965 and 1973
- Japan, later on west



Figure 1: Lofti A. Zadeh

# Fuzzy logic vs Crisp logic

Example

Carmen is 18 years old. Is she old?

Crisp<sup>1</sup> true/false Fuzzy true, false or the degree of *oldness* 



Figure 2: The classical set theory is a subset of the theory of fuzzy sets

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In this context referred also as a *Boolean* or *bivalent* logic

# Crisp Set

Theory of Sets (formerly Classes) was conceptualized by George Cantor in 1870's.



Figure 3: Crisp set illustration. The element either is fully member of a set or is not a member at all.

# Sorites Paradox

When does a heap of grains stops being heap, if we are removing one grain at a time?



Figure 4: At what point exactly does blue becomes red? Sorites paradox [4].

Bald(0)Bald(n) 
ightarrow Bald(n+1) $\therefore Bald(10000)$ 

**Fuzzy Sets** 

In mathematics, fuzzy sets are sets whose elements have *degrees* of membership, described by a *membership function* [1].

- Degree of membership is defined in interval<sup>2</sup> [0, 1]
- Elements can have different degree of membership to different fuzzy sets
- If the uncertainty is not handled, we talk about type-1 fuzzy sets, type-2 otherwise

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>In theory, it could be higher than 1, but in practice it is almost never used

# Fuzzy Set Interpretation

How do we represent *numerical* value in a fuzzy set? With the use of *linguistic variables* [2], **not** probabilities.



Figure 5: Example interpretation of fuzzy sets. At the given temperature point, we can tell that the measured medium is "not hot", "slightly warm" and "almost cold". It does not mean that the chance the water is cold is 75%.

#### Definition

Let U be the universe of discourse and x be the element in it. The membership function  $f^A$  assigning degree of membership  $\mu_A$ :

$$f^A(x):\in U o \mu_A(x)\in [0,1]$$

#### Definition

A fuzzy set A is expressed as a set of ordered pairs (tuples), given that  $\mu_A(x)$  is a degree, to which x a member of A:

$$A=\{(x,\mu_A(x))\,|\,x\in U\}$$

# Standard Fuzzy Set Operations

Given that  $A, B \in U$  and u is an element in universe U:

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Complement} \ \mu_A(u) = 1 - \mu_A(u) \\ \text{Intersection} \ \mu_{A \cap B}(u) = min\{\mu_A(u), \mu_B(u)\} \\ \text{Union} \ \mu_{A \cup B}(u) = max\{\mu_A(u), \mu_B(u)\} \end{array}$ 



Figure 6: The complement  $\mu_{\bar{A}}$ , the intersection  $\mu_{A\cap B}$  and the union  $\mu_{A\cup B}$  (green).

# Fuzzy Set Operations Truth Tables

#### Table 1: The truth tables for AND, OR and NOT operations

Α	В	min(A,B)
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Α	В	max(A,B)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1



It is no coincidence, that these truth tables for binary fuzzy sets are identical to their Boolean counterparts<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>DeMorgan's law, associativity, comutativity and distributivity also apply.

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# Triangular Norm (T-norm)

A T-norm is a **continuous** function  $T:[0,1]\times [0,1] \to [0,1]$ , satisfying these axioms:

Neutrality<sup>4</sup> T(a, 1) = aCommutativity T(a, b) = T(b, a)Monotonicity  $T(a, b) \leq T(c, d)$  if  $a \leq c$  and  $b \leq d$ Associativity T(a, T(b, c)) = T(T(a, b), c)

T-norm is used to customize the fuzzy **intersection** (conjunction). The fuzzy **union** (disjunction) uses the S-norm (or T-conorm).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Also referred to as a *boundary condition*.

## The Most Common T-norms

 $\mathsf{T}_{\min}(a,b) = \min\{a,b\}$ 



Figure 7: Minimum (Gödel) T-norm is the most common one

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## The Most Common T-norms

 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{prod}}(a,b) = a \cdot b$ 



Figure 8: product T-norm

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## The Most Common T-norms

 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{Luk}}(a,b) = max\{0, a+b-1\}$ 



Figure 9: Łukasiewics T-norm

# Fuzzy Control

- The wider application of the fuzzy logic [3]
- Easier to mechanize tasks that are already successfully performed by humans



Figure 10: Block diagram of a fuzzy control

# Fuzzy Inference Engine



Figure 11: Process of a fuzzy control. The most used method for defuzzification is *center of gravity* (centroid).

# **Fuzzy Control Applications**

- Camera autofocus by Canon
- Increased effectivity of Mutsushita vacuum robots
- Mitsubishi air conditioner with higher efficiency and lower sensors
- Handwriting recognition, elevator systems, self-balancing robots

The fuzzy control systems are commonly used [6] where there are not enough resources for highly advanced systems like **PID**<sup>5</sup> **controller**, **Artificial neural network** or **Genetic algorithm** [5].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Proportional-integral-derivative

# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox Introduction

- Provides a complete set of functions to design an implement various fuzzy logic processes [7]
- Major fuzzy logic operation-fuzzification, defuzzification, and the fuzzy inference
- Can be implemented using the Graphical User Interface (GUI)

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# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox

Features:

- It provides tools to create and edit fuzzy inference system (FIS).
- Allows integrating fuzzy systems into simulation with Simulink.
- It is possible to create stand-alone C programs that call on fuzzy systems
- MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox Tool Categories:
  - Command line functions
  - Graphical or interactive tools
  - Simulink blocks

# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox I



Fuzzy logic

#### - Applications

# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox II



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#### Applications

# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox III

Membership Function Editor : juggler						
File Edit View						
FIS Variables	Membership function plots					
	out1mf					
x hit theta	out1mf out1mf					
	out1mf out1mf					
Project_angle	out1mf out1mf					
	out1mf out1mf					
	output variable "theta"					
Current variable	Current Membership Function					
Name theta	Name out1mf	Ш				
Type output	Type	-				
Range [0.0]	Params [-0.02185 -0.5 0.3146]					
Display Range	Help Close					
Ready						

Fuzzy logic		
Applications		
Software		

# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox IV



## MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox V



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# MATLAB Fuzzy Toolbox VI



# Is Fuzzy Logic a Viable Option?

The widespread use, amount of knowledge accumulated and countless tools and literature available proof it as **yes**.

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	Final	Remarks		
	- Re	forences		

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Final Remarks		
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# Thank you $\cdot$ ¡Gracias! $\cdot$ Ďakujem